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Moderate deviations for stochastic tidal dynamics equations with multiplicative Gaussian noise

A. Haseena , M. Suvinthra, Manil T. Mohan & K. Balachandran
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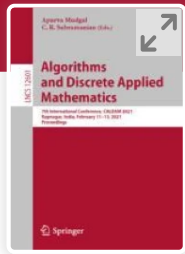
Abstract

In this article, we consider the stochastic tidal dynamics equations perturbed by multiplicative Gaussian noise and discuss some asymptotic

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Conference on Algorithms and Discrete Applied Mathematics
 ↳ CALDAM 2021: **Algorithms and Discrete Applied Mathematics** pp 234–246

Lexicographic Product of Digraphs and Related Boundary-Type Sets

[Manoj Changat](#), [Prasanth G. Narasimha-Shenoi](#)
 & [Mary Shalet Thottungal Joseph](#) 

Conference paper |
[First Online: 28 January 2021](#)

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Abstract

Let $D = (V, E)$ be a digraph and $u, v \in V(D)$. The metric, *maximum distance* is defined by

$$md(u, v) = \max \{ \vec{d}(u, v), \vec{d}(v, u) \}$$

where $\vec{d}(u, v)$ denote the length of a shortest directed $u - v$ path in D . The relationship between the boundary-type

sets of the lexicographic product of two digraphs and its factor graphs have been studied in this article.

Keywords

Maximum distance

Boundary-type sets

Strongly connected digraph

Lexicographic product

DDLE digraph

Subject Classification (2020):

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Boundary-type sets of strong product of directed graphs

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DOI: <https://doi.org/10.26493/1855-3974.2229.5f1>

Keywords: Maximum distance, boundary-type sets, strongly connected digraph, strong product

Abstract

Let $D = (V, E)$ be a strongly connected digraph and let u and v be two vertices in D . The maximum distance $md(u, v)$ is defined as $md(u, v) = \max\{d^{\rightarrow}(u, v), d^{\leftarrow}(v, u)\}$, where $d^{\rightarrow}(u, v)$ denotes the length of a shortest directed u - v path in D . This is a metric. The boundary, contour, eccentricity and periphery sets of a strongly connected digraph D with respect to this metric have been defined. The boundary-type sets of the strong product of two digraphs is investigated in this article.

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Area of interest : Graph Theory

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Transit sets of two-point crossover

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Keywords: Genetic algorithms, recombination, transit functions, oriented matroids, Vapnik-Chervonenkis dimension

Abstract

Genetic Algorithms typically invoke crossover operators to produce offsprings that are a “mixture” of two parents x and y . On strings, k -point crossover breaks parental genotypes at at most k corresponding positions and concatenates alternating fragments for the two parents. The transit set $R_k(x, y)$ comprises all offsprings of this form. It forms the tope set of an uniform oriented matroid with Vapnik-Chervonenkis dimension $k + 1$. The Topological Representation Theorem for oriented matroids thus implies a representation in terms of pseudosphere arrangements. This makes it

possible to study 2-point crossover in detail and to characterize the partial cubes defined by the transit sets of two-point crossover.

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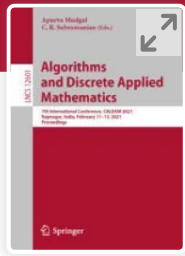
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Axiomatic Characterization of the Median Function of a Block Graph

[Manoj Changat](#) , [Nella Jeena Jacob](#) & [Prasanth G. Narasimha-Shenoi](#)

Conference paper |
[First Online: 28 January 2021](#)

478 Accesses

Part of the [Lecture Notes in Computer Science](#) book series (LNTCS, volume 12601)

Abstract

A median of a profile of vertices (a sequence of vertices) on a connected graph is a vertex that minimizes the sum of the distances to the elements in the profile. The median function has as output the set of medians of a profile. Median function is an important consensus

function for the location of a desirable facility in a network. The axiomatic characterization of the median function is studied by several authors on special classes of graphs like trees and median graphs. In this paper, we determine the median sets of all types of profiles and obtain an axiomatic characterization for the median function on block graphs, an immediate generalization of trees.

Keywords

Profiles

Block graph

Median sets

Median function

Axiomatic characterization

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